

LABORATORY OF CELLULAR BIOENERGETICS

Directed by David PIGNOL

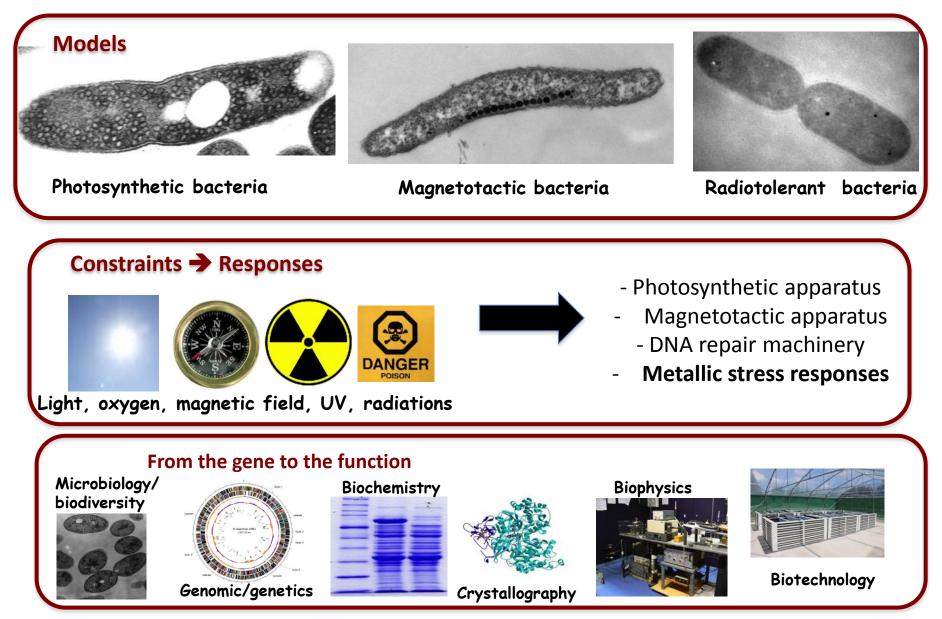
A part of the Life Sciences Division of the CEA

Daniel GARCIA

10th TA WATER MEETING

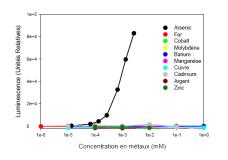
JRC Ispra, 27 April 2015

Molecular mechanisms of bacterial adaptation to environmental conditions



Biotechnology

Biodetection



COMBITOX

In line multiplex prototype for the biodetection of toxic compounds

Bioremediation



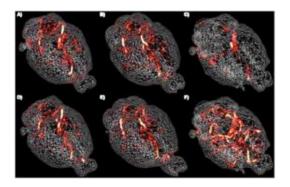




LIFE-PHYTOBARRE

LIFE12 ENV/FR/000530 An innovative process phytosanitary waste treatment plant and implementation of new uses for farmers

Health technology

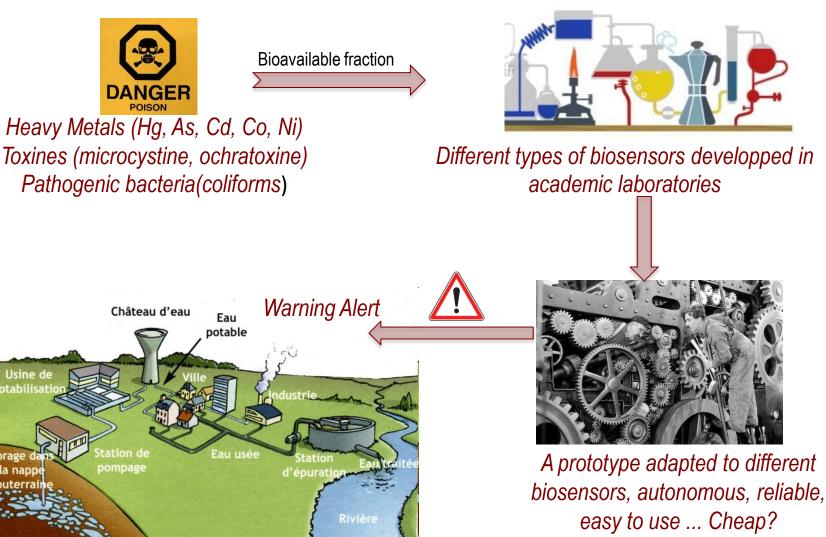




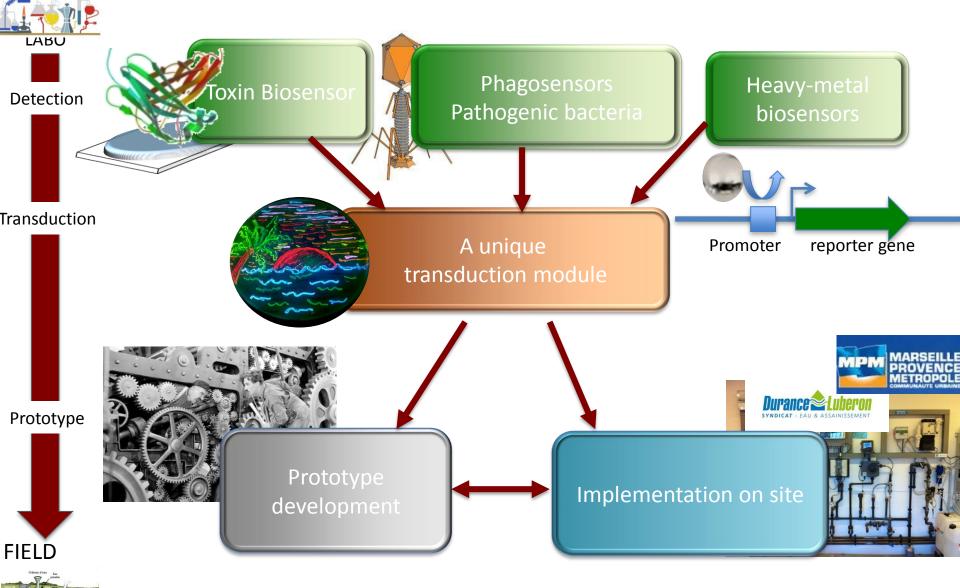
Targeted biological nano-magnets for theranostic

COMBITOX

<u>Objective</u>: development of an autonomous prototype for the continuous monitoring of waters using biosensors



The challenge: a multiparametric system on-line



No and And

Metal	Biosensor	Sensitivity	Specificity
Ni	RcnR	5μΜ	+++
Со	RcnR*	<1µM	+++
As	ArsR	<1µM	+++
Cd	CadR	5μΜ	+++
Hg	MerR	10 nM	+++
Zn	Czc1	40 µM	+++
Cu	czcR3	5 μΜ	+++
Survie	rpoD	Constitutive luminescence	



LIFE-PHYTOBARRE

An innovative process phytosanitary waste treatment plant and implementation of new uses for farmers

LIFE+ 12 ENV/FR/000530 10/2014 - 03/2017





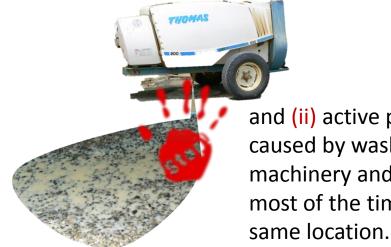




Europe's agricultural sector is linked with the pollution of surface waters, groundwaters and seas by nutrients and pesticide residues. Decreasing the dispersal of these pollutants is a priority for environmental programs and regulations in France (i.e. ECOPHYTO 2018) and Europe (the Water Framework Directive and Directive 2008/105/EC on environmental quality standards in the field of water policy).

Pollution of water mainly occurs through (i) passive diffusion as a result of spreading products on crops,





and (ii) active pollution caused by washing machinery and tractors most of the time at the











Principle of the project

A biological process able to metabolise phytopharmaceutical molecules, based on the use of selected photosynthetic bacteria in lagooning system.

The process has been implemented over a five-year period on a test site and findings indicate a degradation efficiency of more than 90% of the phytopharmaceutical residues.

Aims

-Production of a technological solution that it is easy to use and maintain

-Development of a solution that efficiently reduces pollution risks from farms working with different crops and phytosanitary products, as well as in various geographic locations and climates.

- Different communication tools including videos will be used to highlight the technology's opportunities and benefits for farmers to improve waste management systems.



- Biotechnology
- Sociology
- Communication









Biotechnological component

Four demonstrators were inoculated with selected photosynthetic bacteria The degradation of pesticides is measured by regular analysis

















Sociological component

Users information; sociological survey

Interest of farmers for the process Number of visitors to the demonstrator sites - Number of people at the public meetings

Monitoring of social impacts on local agricultural community Mapping the evolution of uses (diffusion of innovation)

Statements of sociological indicators of the innovation integration

Changes and evolution of social representations towards the agricultural community

Evolution of the speeches about the community during project progress





Sociological & Communication components

Interviews









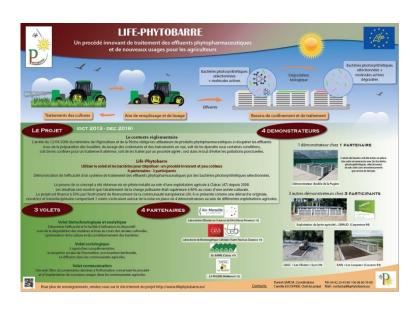






Communication component

Zije Recent



Information panel

Website: http://www.lifephytobarre.eu/



3 documentary films will be produced during the three years of the project. Two films will address the sociological aspect, before and after installation of the demonstrators. The third film will discuss the use of phytopharmaceutical products, from the last century to today









Expected results

The project aims to achieve the following results:

- To demonstrate the new technology effectiveness;
- To change farmers' behaviour through a series of awareness-raising events and activities. These will target agricultural communities, local authorities, agricultural colleges, schools, and universities, as well as farmers directly;

- To help European farmers to safely treat 360-800 tonnes of phytosanitary products on an annual basis.



COMBITOX

INSA Lyon Agnès Rodrigue

CNRS Marseille Mireille Ansaldi

Ecole des Mines d'Alès Ingrid Bazin

> AP2E Pierre Cholat

> > Collaborators

LIFE-PHYTOBARRE

Head of the project (CEA) Camille Escoffier

> Coordinator (CEA) Daniel Garcia

Partners

BARRE company Guillaume Barre

Aix-Marseille University Guy Lambert

Experimental arboricultural station "La Pugère" Laurent Fouchard

Participants

Les Oliviers farm Les Lesques farm Louis Giraud campus